

SSI and SSDIWhat is the Difference Between SSI and SSDI?

Supplemental Secu	rity Income (SSI)	Social Security Disabili	ty Insurance (SSDI)
SSI is strictly need-based, according to income and assets, and is funded by tax revenues. Regardless of the individual's guardianship status, the U.S. Social Security Administration no longer counts family income and resources when determining eligibility for SSI once the individual is 18 years of age.		SSDI pays benefits to you (the worker) and certain members of your family if you are "insured," meaning you worked long enough and paid Social Security taxes. When you retire, become disabled or pass away, your spouse and dependent children (including adults with disabilities) are eligible to receive partial benefits, called auxiliary benefits. The amount of the monthly benefit paid to the worker and dependents is based on the worker's employment history.	
If found eligible for SSI, the person will automatically receive Medicaid. For more information about having both Medicaid and private health insurance, visit: bit.ly/1cKUrQh		If the dependent child once received SSI/Medicaid benefits, but lost SSI/Medicaid because he/she began receiving SSDI benefits due to the worker's retirement, disability or death, the dependent child may be considered a "Disabled Adult Child" or "DAC" under section 1634 of the Social Security Act and may still be eligible to continue receiving Medicaid benefits. For more information, visit: bit.ly/njdacflyer .	
SSI and SSDI Eligibility	Read	Timeline	Get Connected
 Supplemental Security Income (SSI) eligibility includes: Have limited income/resources Meet Social Security's definition of disability Age 65 or older, blind or disabled Social Security Disability Insurance (SSDI) eligibility includes: 1.usa.gov/1c0dXaQ The worker paid into Social Security long enough and Meets Social Security's definition of disability Social Security Disability 	Supplemental Security Incom (SSI) Become familiar with Social Security's SSI publications: 1.usa.gov/1HpSoyw Supplemental Security Income—Why is it importan for people with developmental disabilities: bit.ly/1JthYCq Social Security Office Locator: bit.ly/ssofficelocator Social Security Disability Insurance (SSDI)	account to track your future or current benefits: www.ssa.gov/myaccount Supplemental Security Income (SSI)	The Arc of New Jersey Family Institute provides caregivers with the necessary resources and education to access the appropriate supports and services for their loved one with an intellectual and developmental disability. Sign up today for free! Family Member/Guardian Sign Up: bit.ly/finewsletter
 Insurance (SSDI) eligibility for dependents includes: 1.usa.gov/1dz3B31 A parent(s) who is disabled or retired and entitled to Social Security benefits; or A parent who died after having worked long enough in a job where he or she paid Social Security taxes. 	 Become familiar with the government publications fo SSDI: 1.usa.gov/1GjnqXB Social Security— Understanding Your Benefit 1.usa.gov/1HpUCOC Benefits for your Children with Disabilities: 1.usa.gov/1Fo55aT 	Apply for SSDI benefits: 1 usa gov/11HfSOb	*Please type all links exactly as seen including capital letters.